## SKILL BASED ELECTIVE PAPER-1 II- B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE TM/EM **ELEMENTARY PRACTICES IN POLTICAL PARTICIPATION** SEMESTER-III SUBJECT CODE:18BPO35S GUEST FACULTY: Prasanna Kumar.D. **UNIT-V** SOCIETY AND NGO'S INTERVENTION 1.NGO Registration Origin of NGOs and it's historical background Impact in the society Pre and Post stages of independence Examples Merits and demerits Society registration Act-1860 Trust Public charitable trust Act of Bombay 1950 Private trust, Indian trust Act 1882 Non profit companies Act 2013 Co operative societies, co operative credit societies Act-1904 MSCOOPS-multistate co operative societies Act 1984 Trade unions Religious bodies Registration

State level-

District level-

At the office of the registrar of societies

Welcome participation
Stay open
Keep justificate
Review it frequently
What is mission statement?
1.why your non profit exsits
2.whoms it serves
3.how it serves them
4.NGO REGULATORY MACHINARY AT CENTRAL AND STATE GGOVERNMENTS
Causes for regulating
Foreign grants
Foreign contribution(regulation) Act 2010 -FCRA
Register with ministry of Home affairs
Unique FCRA number, renewed by every five years
Malfunctions, verdicts.
5. Fund mobilization and audit of NGO expenditures
Meaning of mobilization
It's the process of forming crowds, groups, associations and organisation for the pursuit of collective
goals.
FUND :- Literally means sum of money which some enterprise is funded or expence supported
MOBILIZE/RAISE:- Bring about or to get
Sources of funds:-
The major type of support extended by the government to the voluntary agencies is in the form of
grants-in-aids
Grants-in-Aids:-
It's some of money assigned by the higher to a lower authority either out of the former exchanger or out
of the revenue source specially designed for the purpose.

Eg, subsidy, concession, material incentive, staff deputation

**AUDIT OF NGOS** 

The NGO must get it's accounts audited as per the Incorporation law depending on their mode of

of registration. NGO audit must be done as per the societies Act, Trust Act, or companies Act 2013,

also

must be done as per the Income tax Act 1961.

6. ESTABLISHING NETWORKING AMONG VARIOUS NGO'S

NGO has organised on a local, national or international level and it is a citizen based association

that

operates independently of government usually to deliver resources of serve some social or political

purpose

7steps for networking with NGOs

1.take initiative

2. Participation in programmes and events

3. Create database contact

4. Exchange informations

5. Show interest and remember the principles of reciprocity

6. Adopt every type of networking

7. Remember HUMAN you are dealing with.

CITIZENS AND CIVIC AWARNESS

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