

Unit - 3

Non-Aligned Movement

1. Origin - Aim & Objectives ::

The non-aligned Movement (NAM) is a form of 120 developing world States that are not formally aligned with or against any major power bloc. After the United Nations it is the largest grouping of States worldwide.

Established - September 1, 1961

Membership - 120 members States
17 States (observers)
10 International organisations.

Origins ::

Drawing on the principles agreed at the Bandung conference.

The non-Aligned movement was formed during the cold war as a Organisation State this state not want to join united states & soviet union & remain Independent.

- ↳ First conference held in Belgrade.
- ↳ The organisation ensures the national Independence, Sovereignty, territorial integrity and security.
- ↳ During cold war it plays vital role in maintaining peace & security.
- ↳ Jawaharlal Nehru was Initiated this.
- ↳ Many countries have been Independent and Joined this NAM.

Principles ::

Jawaharlal Nehru was the founder of NAM "Panchsheel"

↳ Mutual respect for each others territorial integrity and sovereignty.

↳ Mutual non-aggression.

↳ Mutual non-interference in domestic affairs.

↳ Equality and Mutual benefit.

↳ Peaceful co-existence.

Objectives ::

* Rights to Independent Judgement.

* Struggle about Imperialism and non-colonialism.

* Use of moderation in relations with all big countries.

* Ensures National Independence.

* Sovereignty & territorial Integration.

Functions:

- * It as non-hierarchy system.
- * The Principles are relevance to substance agreement.
- * NAM meets every year at the NAM Summit Conference of Heads of States.

Relevance of NAM:

- * World peace plays an active role.
- * Territorial integrity Preserving the Independence of every Sovereignty nations.
- * Culture diversity and human rights.
Economic growth.
- * Sustainable development in climate changes migration and global terrorism.