GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) COIMBATORE – 641 018

Accredited with 'A' grade by NAAC

B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (EM/TM) SYLLABUS

Based on Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

2018 - 2019 **Onwards**



DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE

GOVERNMENT ARTS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS),

COIMBATORE – 641 018

Syllabi for B.A., Degree Programme in Political Science (Effect from 2018-2019 Onwards) (CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM)

| i. | | | | | | Marks | | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------------|---|-------------|---------------|-------|----|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Semester | Par t | Subject Code | Subject | MM (Hrs) | Exam (Hrs) | CA | SE | Total | SE - Min | Pass Min | No. of Credits |
| | I | 18TAM11L | Part – I Language – I Tamil - I | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | II | 18ENG12L | Part – II Language – I English - I | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| I | III | 18BPO13C | Part – III Core I – Principles of Political | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 4 |
| | | 18BPO14A | Science | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | | | Allied I – Principles of Sociology | | | | | | | | |
| | IV | 18ENV1GE | Part – IV Environmental Studies | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 2 |
| | I | 18TAM21L | Part – I Language – II Tamil - II | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | II | 18ENG22L | Part – II Language – II English - II | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| II | III | 18BPO23C | Part – III Core II – Contemporary Political System (UK, USA and CHINA) | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 4 |
| | | 18BPO24A | Allied II – Political Sociology | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | IV | 18VAL2GE | Part – IV Value Education (Gandhian Thought) | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 2 |
| | I | 18TAM31L | Part – I Language – III Tamil - III | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | II | 18ENG32L | Part – II Language – III English - III | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | 111 | 18BPO33C | Part – III Core III – Principles of Public | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 4 |
| III | III | 18BPO34A | Administration Allied III – History of India (1757-1857 AD) | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | IV | 18BPO35S | Part – IV Skill Based Subject – Paper I Elementary Practices in Political Participation | 6 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |

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|-----|-----|----------|---|---|---|----|----|------|----|----|-----|
| | I | 18TAM41L | Part – I | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| - | II | 18ENG42L | Language – IV Tamil - IV Part – II Language – IV English - IV | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| - | | 18BPO43C | Part – III Core IV – Government & Politics of | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 4 |
| IV | III | 18BPO44C | Tamil Nadu Core V – Indian Political Thought | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 4 |
| | | 18BPO45A | Allied IV – History of India (1858-1984 AD) | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| - | IV | 18BPO46S | Part – IV Skill Based Subject – Paper II | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | V | 18EXA4GE | Citizens and Civic Awareness Co-Curricular Activities: NCC/NSS/P.Ed/YRC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| | | 18BPO51C | Part – III Core VI – Theory and Practice of Human Rights | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | III | 18BPO52C | Core VII – Grass Root Level Democracy in India | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| *** | | 18BPO53C | Core VIII – Western Political Thought | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| V | | 18BPO54C | Core IX – Labour Welfare & Industrial Relations | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | IV | 18BPO55S | Part – IV Skill Based Subject – Paper III Political Parties and Pressure Groups | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | | 18BPO5EL | Non Major Elective Paper – I Indian Politics for Civil Service | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 2 |
| | | 18BPO61C | Part – III Core X – International Politics | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | III | 18BPO62C | Core XI – Indian Political System | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| | 111 | 18BPO63C | Core XII – NGO Management | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| _ | | 18BPO64C | Core XIII – Indian Foreign Policy | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| VI | | 18BPO65V | Project & Viva – Voce | | | 20 | 80 | 100 | 32 | 40 | 15 |
| V I | | 18BPO66S | Part – IV Skill Based Subject – Paper IV Politics and Mass Media | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 3 |
| | IV | 18BPO6EL | Non Major Elective Paper II – International Politics for Civil Service | 5 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 2 |
| | | | Total | | | | | 3400 | | | 140 |
| | | , | Allied – Political Science to | | | | | | | | |
| III | III | | Contemporary Political System | 8 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |
| IV | III | | Indian Political System | 8 | 3 | 25 | 75 | 100 | 30 | 40 | 5 |

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE | I | 18BPO13C |

- a) Basic concepts of the subject
- b) state, government, society
- c) important political ideologies

Unit: I Introduction

Definition, Nature and Scope of Political Science – Growth of Political Science as a Discipline – The Science versus Art Debate in Political Science. Political Science and Other Social Science – Methodology of Political Science – Modern Political Theory.

Unit: II Origin and Elements of State

Definition of the State – Nature of the State – State and Association, State and Society, State and Nation, Nationality – Theories of Origin of the State – Divine Right Theory, Patriarchal and Matriarchal Theory, Force Theory, Social Contract Theory – Evolutionary Theory, Marxist Theory – Elements of the State – End and Functions of the state.

Unit: III Concept of Political Science

Sovereignty – Law – Liberty – Equality – Justice – Rights and Duties – Citizenship.

Unit: IV Forms of Governments

Monarchy – Aristocracy – Democracy – Despotism – Written – Unwritten – Unitary – Federal – Parliamentary – Presidential – Direct and Indirect Democracy.

Unit: V Political Ideology

Liberalism – Utilitarianism – Socialism – Marxian Socialism (Communism) – Fascism – Nazism – Gandhism.-Feminism- Communitarianism- Environmentalism- Post – Modernism.

- 1Appadurai A., *The Substances of Politics*, Oxford University Press, India Madras 1974.
- 2. Amal Ray and Bhattacharya, Political Theory Ideas and Institutions, The World Press Calcutta, 2013
- 3. V.D. Mahajan, *Political Theory*, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- 4. A.C.Kapoor, *Principles of Political Science*, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*, Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1989.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY | I | 18BPO14A |

- a) basic principles of sociology
- b) society, community, family
- c) social dynamics and interactions

Unit – I

Definition , Nature , Scope and Development of Sociology – The Methods of Sociology – Relations to other Social Sciences –Social Stratification – Caste – Class – Origin of Caste System. Modern Trends in the change of caste and class system in India.

Unit -II

Primary Concepts – Society – Community - Association – Status and Roles – Norms – Folkways – Mores – Laws – Customs – Personality – Culture and Civilization – Social Control – Social changes in India – Westernization – Secularization – Industrialization and Urbanization .

Unit – III

Family – Modern family – Joint Family System – Disintegration of Joint family system – Marriage – Forms of Marriage – Inter-Caste Marriage – Divorce and its causes.

Unit – IV

Population and society – Factors of Population of Growth – Consequences of Population growth – Check on Population growth – Education on Family Planning.

Unit - V

The Process of Social Integration – Co-operation – Competition – Conflict – Accommodation and Assimilation.

- 1. Kapadia. K.M , Marriage and Family in India, : Oxford University Press, Calcutta 1966.
- 2. Srinivasan.M.N Social Changes in India Orient Blackswan, 1995
- 3.Sharma.R.N. Political Sociology
- 4. Sharma. R.K. Political Sociology
- 5. Kumar. K. Indian Society and Social Institutions

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES | I | 18ENVIGE |

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL SYSTEM | II | 18BPO23C |
| Onwards | (UK, USA, Switzerland and China) | | |

- a) the constitutional system of the United Kingdom
- b) the constitutional system of the United States and Swiss
- c) the constitutional system of the People's Republic of China

Unit – I Basic Concepts of Constitutions

Meaning – Definition – Classification of Constitution – Classification of Aristotle and others – Evolved & Enacted Constitution – Written , Unwritten , Rigid , flexible , Unitary Federal, Parliamentary, Presidential, Unicameral , Bi-Cameral – Requisites of a good constitution .

Unit –II Political System of Great Britain

History of Constitutional Development – Important Acts and Events – Sources – Salient features of British constitution – Conventions – Cabinet – The Parliament – The House of Commons and The House of Lords – British Judicial System – Rule of Law – King and Crown – Privy Council, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers – Local Governments.-Political Parties

Unit – III Political System of the United States of America

History of Constitutional Development – Salient Features – Amendment Procedures – President – Vice-President – Cabinet – Congress – The House of Representatives and the Senate – Federal Judicial System – Judicial System in the States – Judicial Review – Separation of Powers and Checks and Balance – Constitution of the States – Democratic Devices – Local Governments. -Political Parties

Unit – IV Political System of Switzerland

Historical Developments – Salient Features of the Constitutions – Amendment Procedures – Plural Executive - Federal Council – The Federal Legislature – Federal Assembly – National Council and Council of States – Judicial System – Federal Tribunal – Direst democratic Device – Cantonal Governments – Political Parties.

Unit-V Political System in China

Historical Developments – Salient Features of Old and New Constitutions – The Chinese Executive – The President – The Council of Ministers – The Prime Minister – National People's Congress – Standing committee of the NPC – Judicial Systems – Local Governments- Political Parties.

- 1. Appadurai. A, *The Substances of Politics*; Oxford University Press; New Delhi India.
- 2. Ball Alan.R., Modern Politics and Government; Macmillan; New Delhi.
- 3. Johari J.C., *Principles of Modern Political Science*; Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Strong C.F., *Modern Political Constitutions*; The English Language Book Society and Sidwick & Jackson Ltd., London.
- 5. Wheare K.C., *Modern Constitutions*; Oxford University, New Delhi.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY | II | 18BPO24A |

- a) Basic concepts of the subject of Political sociology
- b) state, government, society
- c) important political ideologies

Unit – I

Introduction – Meaning – Intellectual foundations of Political Sociology – The Problem of Social order – Coercion Theory – Interest Theory.

Unit – II

Political Socialization and Social Psychology of Politics: The Concept of Process of Socialization and Political Personality – Socialization in to Political Roles.

Unit – III

Political Culture and Political Participation: Culture and Politics – The Political Culture and Democracy – Political Participation – Opportunities and resources of Political Participation – The Political Context of Participation.

Unit - IV

The Place of Election in the Political Process: Election and the Political Process – Election and party system – The origin and Development of Political Parties.

Unit - V

Political Violence: Violence and the State – The Causes and Origin of Popular violence – Factors inhibiting violence – Violence forms of Political violence – Violence in Economically developed society.

- 1. Robert E. Dowse and Jhon A.Hughes. Political Sociology .1986.
- 2. William F.Kenkel: Society in Action Canfield Press; First Edition edition (1975)
- 3. Sharma R.N .Political Sociology
- 4. Dr. Kumar . Indian Society and Social Institutions .
- 5. G. Ritzer, Modern Sociological Theory, 7th Edition, The McGrawHill Companies, 2008

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | VALUE EDUCATION (GANDHIAN THOUGHT) | II | 18VAL2GE |

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | PRINCIPLES OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION | III | 18BPO33C |

- a) nature and scope of Public Administration
- b) basic concepts of Public Administration
- c) issues and dynamics of Indian administration

Unit – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope Debate on Public Administration – Public & Private Administration (Science or Art)- Relation to other Social Sciences – Public & Private Administration –New Public Administration –Approaches to the study of Public Administration.

Unit-II

Principals of Organization – Planning –Division of work- Hierarchy or Scalar Process – Unity of Command – Co-ordination – Span of Control – Supervision –Leadership- Decision making –Delegation

Unit – III

Bases of organization: -Purpose-Process- People-Place- Line , Staff and Auxiliary Agencies-Level of Management (Top, Middle, Low) -Chief Executive -Types (Departments, Corporation, Companies)

Unit - IV

Theories of Organization- Classical (Luther Gulick, Henri Fayal)-Behavioral(M.P.F ollett, Elton, Mayo)- Ecological (F.W.Riggs)

Unit - V

Control over Public Administration-Legislative control- Executive control- Judicial control-Citizen control-Accountability.

- 1. Mohit Bhaltachriya: Public Administration: Structure, Process and concepts, World Press, Calcutta 1998.
- 2. Rumki Basu, Public Administration: Concepts and Theories, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1986.
- 3. Avasthi and Maheshwari, Public Administration, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra,2002
- 4. Ravidra Prasas, D., Prasad.V.S ed., Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi,1995.
- 5 .S.R. Maheswari Indian Administration Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd,. 2000

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | HISTORY OF INDIA (1757 – 1857AD) | III | 18BPO34A |

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|--|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | SKILL BASED ELECTIVE – PAPER I ELEMENTARY PRACTICES IN POLITICAL PARTICIPATION | Ш | 18BPO35S |

- a) then meaning and necessity of political participation
- b) the citizen welfare training and citizen charter
- c) practical and operational features of basic political processes and activities

Unit – I Civic Education

Need for Political Education – Practical Aspects of Political process – Citizens Obligations under Indian Constitution – Citizenship training – Practical understanding of Political Institutions at National, State and Local Level.

Unit – II Political Parties and Practice

Registration of Political Parties – Membership drive – Preparation of Political Party – Objectives – Mission Manifestos: Symbols and its Significance – Political Parties Campaign Strategies.

Unit – III Citizens Welfare Training

Approaching government Agencies for various Welfare measures – Receiving Ration Card – Birth and Death Certificates – Voters Registration -Pan Card– Using Right to Information Act 2005 – Petitioning the government at various levels – Consumer Rights, meaning, definition, types- Approaching Consumer Courts at State and District Level

Unit – IV Citizens Charter

What is Citizens Charter? – Understanding the need for Citizen Charter – Various Departments in Central and State governments – Access to Various departments.

Unit – V Society and NGO intervention

NGO registration – Membership – Writing Mission Statement – NGO regulatory machinery at Central and State Government – Fund Mobilization and Audit of NGO Expenditures – Establishing network among Various NGO's.

- 1. Dr. Kumar . Indian Society and Social Institutions.
- 2. S.R. Maheswari-Indian Administration Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd, 2000
- 3. M.K. University Publication Tharkala Arasangankal

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS OF TAMILNADU | IV | 18BPO43C |
| Onwarus | | | |

- a) evolution of modern politics in Tamil Nadu
- b) contribution of great leaders to the society and politics of the state
- c) the concept of Tamil Nadu model of development
- **Unit I** Socio Political Background of Tamil Nadu Before Independence Nature and Scope of the Study Brahmin and Non-Brahmin Movements The Swarajists Implementation and Reaction of Dyarchy Intellectuals Justice Party.
- **Unit II** Congress Party in Tamil Nadu Sathyamurthi, Rajaji, Kamaraj, Bakthavatchalam Self Respect Movement E.V. Ramasamy Naicker Rise of Dravidian Movements The Achievements and Reasons for The Decline of Congress.
- **Unit III** Tamil Nationalism Annadurai, E.V.K.Sampath, Nedunchezhilian, M.Karunanidhi, Kannadasan, Anbalazhan, MGR Rise of DMK 1962 and 1967 Election The First Non Congress Government Anna As CM of Tamil Nadu The Death of Annadurai Karunanidhi As Chief Minister Achievements and Challenges of Annadurai.
- Unit IV 1972 Election Removal of MGR from DMK Emergence of AIADMK Achievement and reason for the Fall of DMK MGR As Chief Minister for Three Consecutive Terms Death of MGR Janaki As Chief As Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu Achievement of MGR Governance 1989 Election Defeat AIADMK Once Again M.Karunanidhi As CM Dismissal of DMK Government Election of 1991 Rajiv Gandhi Assassination J.Jayalalitha As CM DMK Government Achievements and Challenges of J.Jayalalitha and M.Karunanidhi Governments.
- **Unit V** Role Played by the Communist Parties in the State Politics of Tamil Nadu Before and after Independence —. Spilt in Congress from 1971 Old and New Congress Emergence of Regional and Communal Parties in Tamil Nadu Janatha Party –Pattali Makkal Katchi Marumalarchi Dravida Munnetra Kazhalagam –DMDK—Naam Tamilar –Veduthalai Churuthikal— TMMK- Emergence of BJP in Tamil Nadu Other Major Communal Parties.

- 1. Washbrook D.A.; The Emergence of Provincial politics- Provincials Politics- The Madras Presidency 1876-1920; VikA publishing House.
- 2. Spratt Philip, **Dravida Munnetra Kazhagam in power**; Bombay: Nachiketa Publications, 1970
- 3. Baker C.J., *The politics of South India 1920-1937*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1976.
- 4. Hardgrave Jr. R.L., *The Dravidian Movement*, Popular Prakasam, New Delhi, 1968.
- 5. Narendra Subramanian, *Ethnicity and Populist Mobilization*, New Delhi, Oxford, 1999.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT | IV | 18BPO44C |

- a) the general and salient features of Indian Political Thought
- b) the thoughts of individual political thinkers
- c) the relevance of their thoughts to the contemporary life of India

Unit – I

Manu – Kautalya- Buddhism- Jainism

Unit – II

Raja Ram Mohan Roy – Eswar Chandra Vidya Sagar – Dayanand Saraswati – Swami Vivekananda

Unit – III

Mahatma Gandhi – Jawaharlal Nehru – Bala Ganagadara Tilak – Bhagat Singh- -Sir Syed Ahmed Khan – Dr. Ambedkar .

Unit - IV

Tamil Political Thinkers - Thruvalluvar - Periyar

Unit - V

Ayothidasar- Erattamali Serinivasan - Mo-PO-Sivagannnam. Singaravelar

- 1.J.C.Jojhari, *Political Thought: Ancient & Medieval*, Vol.I, Metropolitan Book Co, Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Sharam, P., Ancient Indian Political Institution, Meenakshi Prakasan, Meerut.
- 3. Varma, V.P., *Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought*, Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra, 2001.
- 4. M.L. Ahuja, *Indian Political Thought*, Dominant Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Prakash Chandra, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 6. Mohanthy.D.K., *Indian Political Tradition*, Anmol Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2001.

| ster Sub Code |
|---------------|
| 7 18BPO45C |
| IV |

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | SKILL BASED ELECTIVE – PAPER II | IV | 18BPO46S |
| Onwards | CITIZENS AND CIVIC AWARENESS | | |

- a) meaning of citizen education
- b) understanding important welfare schemes of the government
- c) the practical ways of making use of the welfare schemes

Unit – I

Need for Political Education – Citizen Obligation under Indian Constitution – Citizenship training – Political Culture.

Unit - II

Approaching Government Agencies for various Welfare Programmes of government – Applying Ration Card – Birth and Death Certificates – Voters Registration – Voters Identity Card – PAN Card – Enrolling Membership for Central and State Government Programmes – Registration for employment – make use of Right to Information Act 2005 – Consumer forum and its use for citizens – redressing grievances.

Unit -III

Citizens Charter – Meaning – Need for Citizens Charter.

Unit - IV

NGO – Meaning, Significance – Dimensions – Organization and Functions of NGO – Regulation Mechanism at State and Central levels – Sources of Finance, Audit and Accounts of Expenditure.

Unit - V

Term Paper – Preparation – Presentation and Discussion.

References:

- 1.en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Term_paper
- 2. http://www.tn.gov.in/
- 3. http://mrunal.org/2013/03/polity-citizens-charter-bill-2011-salient-features-issues-criticism-explained.html.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | THEORY AND PRACTICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS | V | 18BPO51C |

- a) meaning and significance of human rights
- b) theories of human rights
- c) human rights violations and remedies

UNIT I

Human Rights – Meaning, Nature and Scope of the Study – Historical Development Since 1945 – Human Rights Theories – Liberal Theories.

UNIT II

Approaches to the Study of Human Rights – Classification of Human Rights – Universal Declaration of Human Rights – Three Generation of Rights – Civil, Political And Economic Rights.

UNIT III

The Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action – Right to Development – Environmental Rights. Threat and Challenges to Human Rights (Terrorism, Poverty, Dictatorship, Environmental Degradation and Globalization.)

UNIT IV

United Nation High Commission for Human Rights (UNICHR) – Human Rights Council – National Human Rights Commission – State Human Rights Commission – District Human Rights Court.

UNIT V

Complaining Procedures for HRC-NHRC-SHRC-Human Rights Education – Human Rights awareness – Role of NGO's – Nurturing Human Rights Culture in Educational Institutions – Human Rights and Media – Women and Children Rights.

- 1) Ganguly Human Rights Theory and Practice.
- 2) Viswanathan. A.R Human Rights, Paavai Publications, Chennai 2006 (12th Edition).
- 3) Desai A.R Violation of Democratic Rights in India, Sangam Books, 1986.
- 4) Ram Ahuja Violence against Woman, Rawat Publication, Jaipur and NewDelhi.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | GRASS ROOT LEVEL DEMOCRACY IN INDIA | V | 18BPO52C |

- a) nature and scope of grass roots politics in India
- b) democratic decentralization system of 73 and 74Th Constitutional Amendment Acts
- c) impact of democratic decentralization on society and polity

Unit – I

Importance of Local Governments – Evolutions of Local Self Governments in India – Classification of Local Government – Urban Administration – Rural Administration – Democracy and Local Government.

Unit – II

Community Development Programmes – Democratic Decentralization – Balwantra Rai Mehta Committee Report – Ashok Mehta Committee Report – Panchayat Raj System.

Unit – III

Municipal Corporations – Structures and Functions – Corporation Councils – Mayor – Committee Systems – Municipal Commissioner – Municipalities – Cantonment Board – Township Single Purpose Agencies – Structures and Functions.

Unit - IV

Grama Sabha, Panchayat, Panchayat Union – District Development Council – Personnel Systems in Local Governments – Executive Officers – Block & District Development Officer – The Role of District Collector in the Panchayat Raj Systems.

Unit - V

Sources of Finance – Grand-in-aid – Accounting & Auditing – Control over Local Government – Legislative, Administrative and Financial control – Political Parties and Local Government – Role of Caste in Local Bodies – Leadership in Local Governments.

- 1. S.R. Maheswari, Local Government In India in India; Lakshmi Narasin Agarwal Publication, 2009
- 2. R.K. Awasthi, Urban Development And Metro Polities In India
- 3. B.S. Bhargava & S.Rama Rao, Indian Local Government

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT | V | 18BPO53C |

- a) features of ancient political thought
- b) features of medieval political thought
- c) communist-liberal-utilitarian-political thinkers

Unit – I

Plato- Aristotle

Unit – II

Machiavelli- Thomas Hobbes- John Locke- Jean J. Rousseau

Unit – III

Karl Marx s- Lenin - Mao-

Unit-IV

Hegal -T.H.Green.

Unit-V

Gramsci, Althusser, Poulantzas

- 1. Ebenstein William: *Great Political Thinkers Plato to Present*, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- 2. Sabine G., *History of Political Theory*, Oxford and IBH Publishing Co; New Delhi.
- 3. Gupta .R.C: The great political Thinkers; Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal, Agra.
- 4.PremArora and Brij Grover: *Political Thought* Cosmos Book Hieve (P) Ltd., East Patel Nagar, New Delhi.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|--|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | LABOUR WELFARE AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS | V | 18BPO54C |

- a) meaning and significance of labour welfare
- b) constitutional and legal measures for labour welfare
- c) problems and solutions for important special categories of labour

Unit – I Philosophy of Labour Welfare

Philosophy of Labour Welfare – Historical development of Labour Welfare in India – Statutory Welfare Provision.

Unit – II

Social Security Laws

Scheme of Social Security – The Workmen's Compensation Act 1923 – The Employee's State Insurance Act 1923 – The Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act 1946., Factories Act 1948., The Employees State Insurance Act 1948 – The Employees provident funds and miscellaneous provisions act 1952 – The Maternity Benefit Act 1961 – The payment of gratuity Act, Minimum wages Act 1948..

Unit – III Trade Union

Trade Union – Concept and Definition – History of Labour Movement in India- Trade Union Act 1926 - Freedom of Association – The Role and function of trade union – Central trade union organization – AITUC – CITU – HMS – INTUC – Employer's Organization –CII, FICIC, ACMA-Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Unit – IV Industrial Relations

Concept and Definition – Employee Discipline – Suspension, Retrenchment, Dismissal, and Collective Bargaining – Industrial conflicts - Industrial Disputes Act 1947 – Industrial Relations Machinery –Industrial democracy and workers participation in management.– Industrial Safety – Industrial health and hygiene, Employee related issues- Absenteeism, Alcoholism, Indebtedness, Discrimination of Labour.

Unit – V ILO in Labour welfare and Special Categories of Labour

International Labour Organization in pursuit of Labour welfare. - Female Labour - Child Labour - Contract Labour - Bonded Labour - Rural Labour - The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention , Prohibition & Redressal) Act 2013. Harassment & Abuse, Equal Remuneration.

- 1.S.C.Srivastava, *Industrial Relations and Labour Laws*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2008.
- 2. D.R. Agarwal, Labour Problems, Social Welfare and Security, King Books, Delhi, 2005.
- 3. C.K. Johri, *Labour law in India*, (2012).
- 4. P. L. Malik's, *Industrial Law (Covering Labour Law in India) (2 Volumes)*, Eastern Book Company, 2015.
- **5.**Sharma A.M. Aspects of Labour Welfare & Social Security, Himalaya Publishing.Ramasamy & Uma Ramasamy Industry & Labour Oxford University.
- 6. Verma Prasad & Surya Mukherjee Trade Union in India.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | SKILL BASED ELECTIVE – PAPER III | V | 18BPO55S |
| Onwards | POLITICAL PARTIES AND PRESSURE GROUPS | | |

- a) meaning of political parties and pressure groups
- b) the kinds of party system and their dynamics
- c) the important pressure groups and their nature of operations

Unit – I

Political Parities – Meaning – Nature and Functions – Origin and Development – National parties and Regional parties.

Unit – II

Kinds of Party System – Single Party – Multi Party – Bi-Party System

Unit – III

Registration of Political Parties – Membership drive – Organisation and Structure – Constitution of Political Party – Election Manifesto – Symbols and Significance – Comparison Methods – Public Meeting – Processions – Alliance Politics – Inter Party Relationship – Inner Party Democracy – Leadership – Dynastic Politics.

Unit - IV

Pressure Groups – Meaning – Kinds – Functions – Important Pressure Groups in Tamil Nadu and India.

Unit - V

Term Paper – Preparation – Presentation – Discussion.

- 1. Robert Blank, *Political Parties: An Introduction*.
- 2. Key V.O., Parties Politics and Pressure Groups.
- 3. Sadasivam S.N., Party & Democracy in India.
- 4.R.C. Agarwal, *Political Theory*, S.Chand & Co, Ltd. New Delhi, 2010.
- 5. R.C.Agarwal, *Indian Political System*, S.Chand & Co, Ltd. New Delhi, 2007.
- 6. J.C.Johari, *Comparative Politics*, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1996

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|---|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | NON MAJOR ELECTIVE PAPER I | V | 18BPO5EL |
| Onwards | INDIAN POLITICS FOR CIVIL SERVICES EXAM | | |

- a) the constitutional provisions and arrangements of India
- b) the important issues and trends of Indian Politics
- c) capacity and knowledge empowerment of students to crack competitive exams

Unit – I

Preamble of the Constitution – Fundamental Rights – Directive Principles of State Policy – Fundamental Duties.

Unit – II

Powers and Functions of Indian President – Composition, Powers and Functions of Parliament – Composition, Powers and Functions of Supreme Court – Judicial Review – Public Interest Litigation – High Courts.

Unit – III

Federalism – Center-State Relations – State Execution – State Legislature – Panchayat Raj System – Election Commission.

Unit – IV

Corruption in Indian Politics – Criminalization of Politics – Caste and Politics – Communalism

Unit - V

Party System – Regional Political Parties – Pressure Groups – Estimation of Indian Democracy

- 1. D.D.Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. 4. D.C.Gupta, *Indian Government*, Vikas Publishing House, New Dehlhi, 2010.
- 3. 5.M.V.Pylee, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi, 2008

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | INTERNATIONAL POLITICS | VI | 18BPO61C |

- a) approaches, nature and scope of International Relations
- b) Structure and functioning of the International Institutions
- c) Indian Policy and role in International Politics

Unit – I

Understanding International Politics Meaning, Nature & Scope of International Politics – Different approaches – International Politics as academic discipline – limitation to understanding – International Politics as a Struggle for Power, Nation State, National Power – Elements of National Power – Nature and role of National Power – Limitation.

Unit – II

Diplomacy – Nature and Definition – Classes of Diplomats – The Consular Service – Appointment of Diplomats – Function of Diplomats – Privileges and limitation – Old Diplomacy and New Diplomacy – Open and Secret – Diplomacy and Propaganda.

Imperialism – Meaning & Nature – Dimensions of Imperialism, Colonialism, Neocolonialism. War – Meaning & Nature – Functions of War – War as a Instrument of National or Foreign Policy – The Conventional and Nuclear War – Causes & Cures of War.

Unit - III

Balance of Power – Meaning & Nature, Evolution of Balance of Power – Balance of Power Today – means of maintaining Balance of Power. Collective Security, Meaning & Nature – Definition Collective Security and Balance of Power - Collective Security and Disarmament - Collective Security and NATO - Regional organization like SAARC, EU, ASEAN, BRICS.

Unit – IV

International Organization – The League of Nation: Organization – Function – Strength and Weaknesses. The United Nations – Structure – Organization – Functions and Role – General Assembly – Security Council – International Law: Nature Scope and Definition – Sources of International Law – Codification and Observation of International Law.

Unit - V

World Trade Organization (WTO)- Environmental Conferences, International Terrorism, Impact of Information Technology on world politics - Diaspora.

- 1. H.J. Morganthau, *Politics among Nations*, Scientific Book Agency, New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. A. Vandanna, *Theory of International Politics*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006
- 3. Mahindra Kumar, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Shival Agarwal 2002

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM | VI | 18BPO62C |

- a) the evolution of Indian Constitution
- b) rules and arrangements of Indian political system
- c) nature of polity in the post-independence period
- Unit I Historical Background of Indian Political System:
 1858, 1909, 1919, 1935 Acts Composition of the Constituent Assembly Making of the Constitution Preamble and its Philosophy
- **Unit II** Features of the Indian Constitution Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Rights and Duties Center-State Relations.
- Unit III
 President & Vice-President Election Powers & Function Emergency Powers –
 Position Prime Minister and Council of Ministers. Parliament : Lok Sabha –
 Composition Functions The Speaker Rajya Sabha Composition and Functions –
 Parliamentary Committees Law Making Procedure. Constitution Amendments.
- Unit IV State Governments Governor Chief Minister State Legislature The Supreme Court The High Court District Courts Composition and Functions Judicial Review Political Parties-

Unit-V

Importance of Local Governments – Evolutions of Local Self Governments in India – Urban Local Governments Rural Local Governments – Democracy and Local Government.

- 1.D.D.Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. D.C.Gupta, *Indian Government*, Vikas Publishing House, New Dehlhi, 2010.
- 3. M.V.Pylee, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi, 2008.
- 4. J.R.Siwach, *Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics*, Sterling Publishing House, Delhi, 2011.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | NGO MANAGEMENT | VI | 18BPO63C |

- a) emergence and organizational features of the NGOs
- b) the role of NGOs in the modern world
- c) relationship between NGOs and Governments

Unit – I

Introduction to NGO – Concept and Background – Role of NGOs – Types of NGOs – History of NGOs in India – Voluntary Action and Civil Society – Concept of Civil Society – Role of Civil Society in Social Change – Civil Society Movement in India.

Unit – II

Advocacy – Tools for Advocacy – Policy Formulation – Agencies providing inputs to Policy Makers – Major Schemes of the Government of India in Various Sectors – Role of NGOs and Criteria for NGO support.

Unit – III

Legal and Policy Environment – Formation of Society's Memorandum of Association – Rules and Byelaws of the Society – Vesting Property in the Society – Suits and against Societies – Liability of Members – Dissolution of Societies.

Unit – IV

Public Trust Act – Trusts and Foundation Act – Definition of Trust – Formation of Trust – Legal Requirements in the Formation – Registration and Management of the Trust – Incentives given by the Government to NGO for the promotion of NGO Activities – Taxation of NGOs.

Unit – V

Management of NGOs – Generating Funds – Attracting Human Resources – Staff – Volunteers & Boards – Working with Private Sectors – Organizing for Implementation – Planning & Budgeting – Communication Strategies – Managing Communications – Advertising & Personal Persuasion – Managing Public Media.

- 1. Putnam.R, Leonard.R and Naneth R.Y. (eds): Making Democracy Work: Civic Tradition in Modern Italy, Princeton University, Princeton, 1992.
- 2. Walzer M: The Concept of Civil Society; Walzer M (Ed) 1999.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY | VI | 18BPO64C |

- a) evolution and basic features of Indian Foreign Policy
- b) India's relationship with South Asian Countries
- c) India's relation with major world powers

Unit – I Basic principles of Indian Foreign Policy:

Anti-colonialism, Anti-racism, Non-alignment, Panchasheel principles Morality – Democracy

Unit – II India and International Organizations:

United Nations Organization, Indian drive for Permanent Member status in Security Council, World Trade Organization, World Bank, International Monetary Fund. Climate Changes – UNFCCC.

Unit – III India and World Problems:

West Asian Crisis, Afghanistan, Iran.

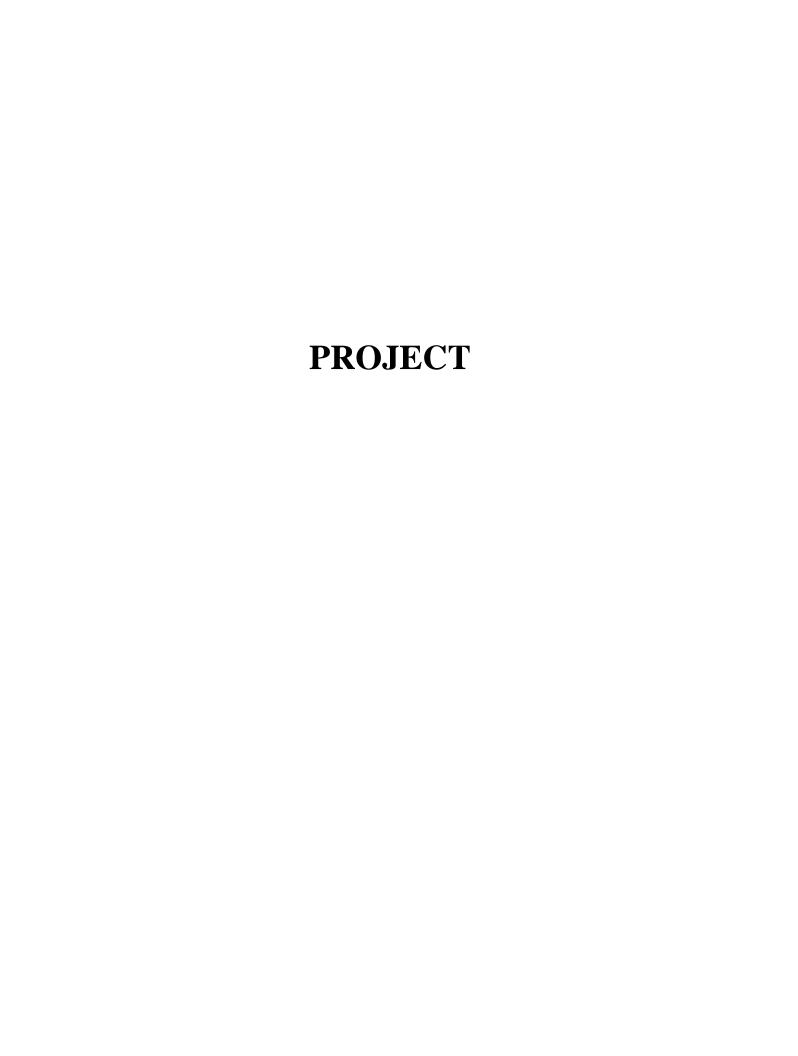
Unit – IV India and Global Powers:

India- America Relations – India-Russia Relations – India-China Relations

Unit – V India and Neighbors:

India-Pakistan Relations – India-Sri Lanka Relations – India-Bangladesh Relations – India-Nepal Relations.

- 1. Jha N.K., *India's Foreign Policy in a Changing World*, South Asian Publishers, New Delhi.
- 2. Dutt. V.P., *Domestic Imperatives in Foreign Policy*, Vikas Publishers; New Delhi.
- 3. Bandyo Padhyaya J., *The Making of India's Foreign Policy;* Allied Publishers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
- 4. Khilani R.K., *Restructing of India's Foreign Policy*, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi.



| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | SKILL BASED ELECTIVE – PAPER IV | VI | 18BPO65S |
| Onwards | POLTITCS AND MASS MEDIA | | |

- a) emergence and role of media in modern political life
- b) the various categories of media and their relative roles in politics
- c) the challenges that media grapple with in democracies

Unit - I

Origin and Development of Mass Media – Significance – Mass Media in democratic process – Media Freedom – Fourth Estate – Duties and Responsibilities of Mass Media – Professional Ethos – Kinds of Mass Media.

Unit – II

Print Media and Politics – News Papers (Natural, Vernacular) – Magazines (Weekly, Fortnightly, Monthly) – journals. News Organizations (PTI, UNI, Reuter, BBC) – Investiture Source Lesion.

Unit – III

Radio – History of Radio in India – Radio Station – Organization and Management – All India Radio – Gnana Vani – FM Channels – News Preparation - Organization and Working of Information and Broad Casting Ministry.

Unit - IV

Electronic media – History of Indian Television – News Preparation and Presentation – Political Discussion – Television Channels and Political Affiliations – News Channels – Impact of Television in politics – Computer Revolution and Politics (Internet, e-mail, blog, e-commerce).

Unit - V

Term Paper, Preparation, Presentation and Discussion

- 1. Peter K.Pringle, et al. Paperback (1999) Electronic Media
- 2. Michel I. Wolf. (1999) Entertainment Economy: Now Mega-Media Forces are Transforming our Lives.
- 3. 3. Kothari Gulab, Newspaper management In India (Intercultural open University. The Netherlands (1995)
- 4. 4. Millerson, G.H (1993) Effective TV.Production Focal press
- 5. 5. Gross. LS (1996). The International world of Electronic Media McGraw-Hill
- 6. 6. Hollan, P(1998) The Television Handbook Routledge

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|-----------------|---|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 Onwards | NON MAJOR ELECTIVE PAPER II | VI | 18BPO6EL |
| | INTERNATIONAL POLITICS FOR CIVIL SERVICES | | |
| | EXAM | | |

- a) nature and scope of international politics
- b) international problems, institutions and organizations that are important in competitive exams
- c) the foreign policy of India and major powers

Unit – I Introduction:

Nature, Scope, Meaning of International Politics - Approaches to International

Politics

Unit - II International Problems:

Afghanistan – Iran – Palestine issue – South China Sea.

Unit – III International Institutions:

United Nation Organization - World Trade Organization - World Bank -

International Monetary Fund.

Unit - I V Role of Global Power:

American Foreign Policy – Chinese Foreign Policy – Russian Foreign Policy

Unit- V Indian Foreign Policy:

India-Pakistan Relations – India-America Relations – India-Russia Relations –

India-Chinese Relations - India and United Nation Organization - India and

Environmental Summits.

- 1.H.J. Morganthau, *Politics among Nations*, Scientific Book Agency, New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. A. Vandanna, *Theory of International Politics*, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Mahindra Kumar, *Theoretical Aspects of International Politics*, Shival Agarwal 2002.
- 4. L.N.Srivastava, *International Politics*, SBD Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|--|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM | III | |
| Onwards | (Allied – Political Science to History & Economics) | | |

- a) the constitutional provisions and arrangements of India
- b) the important issues and trends of Indian Politics
- c) capacity and knowledge empowerment of students to crack competitive exams
- Unit I Historical Background of Indian Political System:
 1858, 1909, 1919, 1935 Acts Composition of the Constituent Assembly Making of the Constitution Preamble and its Philosophy
- **Unit II** Features of the Indian Constitution Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Rights and Duties. Center State Relations.
- **Unit III** President & Vice-President Election Powers & Function Emergency Powers Position Prime Minister and Council of Ministers.
- Unit IV
 Parliament: Lok Sabha Composition Functions The Speaker Rajya Sabha Composition and Functions Parliamentary Committees Law Making Procedure. Constitution Amendments process.
- Unit V State Governments Governor Chief Minister State Legislature The Supreme Court The High Court District Courts Composition and Functions Judicial Review Political Parties

- 1.D.D.Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. D.C.Gupta, *Indian Government*, Vikas Publishing House, New Dehlhi, 2010.
- 3. M.V.Pylee, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, Vikas Publishing House, Delhi, 2008.
- 4. J.R.Siwach, *Dynamics of Indian Government and Politics*, Sterling Publishing House, Delhi, 2011.

| Year | Subject Title | Semester | Sub Code |
|---------|---|----------|----------|
| 2018-19 | CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL SYSTEM | IV | |
| Onwards | (Allied – Political Science to History & Economics) | | |

- a) the constitutional system of the United Kingdom
- b) the constitutional system of the United States and Swiss
- c) the constitutional system of the People's Republic of China

Unit – I Basic Concepts of Constitutions

Meaning – Definition – Classification of Constitution – Classification of Aristotle and others – Evolved & Enacted Constitution – Written , Unwritten , Rigid , flexible , Unitary Federal, Parliamentary, Presidential, Unicameral , Bi-Cameral – Requisites of a good constitution .

Unit –II Political System of Great Britain

History of Constitutional Development – Important Acts and Events – Sources – Nature and Salient features of British constitution – Conventions of the British Constitutions – Cabinet – The British Parliament – The House of Commons and The House of Lords – British Judicial System – Rule of Law – King and Crown – Privy Council, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers – Local Governments – Political Parties.

Unit – III Political System of the United States of America

History of Constitutional Development – Salient Features – Amendment Procedures – President – Vice-President – Cabinet – Congress – The House of Representatives and the Senate – Federal Judicial System – Judicial System in the States – Judicial Review – Separation of Powers and Checks and Balance – Constitution of the States – Democratic Devices – Local Governments – Political Parties.

Unit – IV Political System of Switzerland

Historical Developments – Salient Features of the Constitutions – Amendment Procedures – Plural Executive - Federal Council – The Federal Legislature – Federal Assembly – National Council and Council of States – Judicial System – Federal Tribunal – Direct democratic Device – Cantonal Governments – Political Parties.

Unit – V Political System in China

Historical Developments – Salient Features of Old and New Constitutions – The Chinese Executive – The President – The Council of Ministers – The Prime Minister – National People's Congress – Standing committee of the NPC – Judicial Systems – Local Governments – Communist Party of China .

- 1.Strong C.F., *Comparative Governments*, The English Language Book Society and Sidgwick & Jackson limited London.
- 2. Wheare K.C., *Modern Constitutions*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3. Padmanabhan V.K, *Outlines of Comparative Governments*, Pothigai Pathippaham, Pondicherry.
- 4. Kapur A.C., Select Constitution, S. Chand & Co, New Delhi.